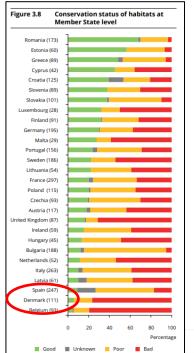
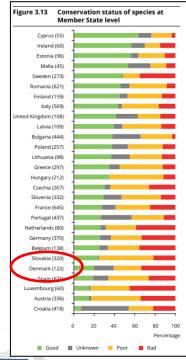
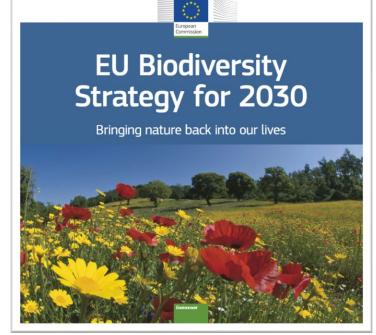


## **Biodiversity in Denmark**

- 95% of natural habitats and 57% of species are assessed as having an unfavorable conservation status
- EU's biodiversity strategy: 30% protected nature
- Need for better management of protected nature more and better grazing
- Cattle and farmers are central in protection of biodiversity resource







# Nature&Beef project unites key stakeholders within the cattle sector to enhance biodiversity efforts





Project's period: 2025-2028 Total budget: 19,1 mio.



















## Nature&Beef combines production and biodiversity

#### From science to practice – assessing biodiversity

- Economic and ecological consequences of different management practices
  - Animal type, grazing period and nature type
- New methods of measuring biodiversity
- New breeding traits





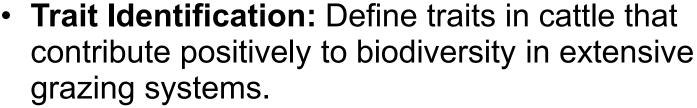






Different steps to develop beef cattle lines targeting

nature management



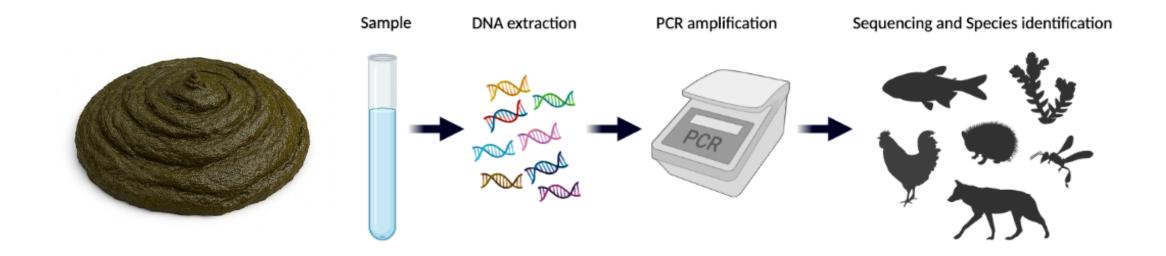
Data Collection: Gather records from ~ 4,000 animals

 eDNA-Based Trait Monitoring: Develop eDNA methods to monitor key biodiversity-related traits in cattle (e.g. eating behaviour)

• Selection Index Development: Construct a selection index to optimize the cattle's potential to act as effective stewards of natural ecosystems.



### What is e-DNA?





#### **NATURE**

#### BEEF

Eating behaviour

Tolerance for parasites



Weight & weight gain

Longevity

Calving

**Fertility** 



## **Eating behaviour**

Biodiversity benefits from varied grazing

- Results from eDNA analyses provide insights into the diversity of the cows' diet
- → Combined with data about the grazing fields, this allows us to identify cows being more effective stewards of nature: Those that consume a more diverse range of plants





